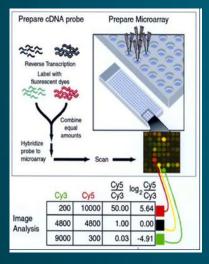


Leishi Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Jasna Kuljis<sup>2</sup> and Xiaohui Liu<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> University of Konstanz, Germany
- <sup>2</sup> Brunel University, UK

## HIGH THROUGHPUT EXPERIMENTS

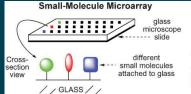
#### **DNA** microarrays



High throughput sequencing

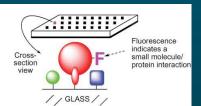
High content screening

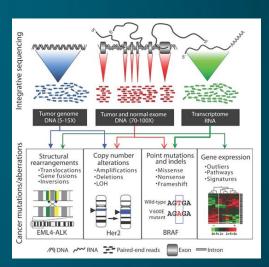
#### scre Small molecule microarrays

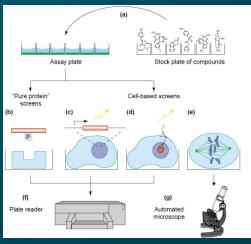




(ii) Wash. (iii) Fluorescence microscopy.



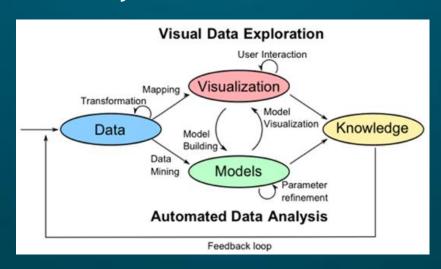




### **HT DATA**

- large
- high-dimensionality
- heterogeneous

How to make sense out of the data? – visual analytics automated data analysis + interactive visualizations



### VISUAL ANALYTICS FOR HT DATA

#### Visual Analytics combines

- automated data analysis (statistics and data mining methods)
- interactive visualization (visual parameters, graphical representations, and human computer interactions)

### In this talk, I will discuss...

- existing visualization techniques
- open issues

## VISUALIZATION DESIGN

### Information seeking paradigm

"Overview First, Zoom and Filter, Details on Demand" - Ben Shneiderman, 1996

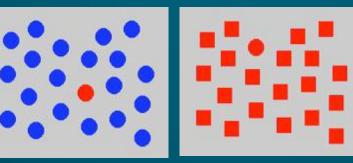
### What is important?

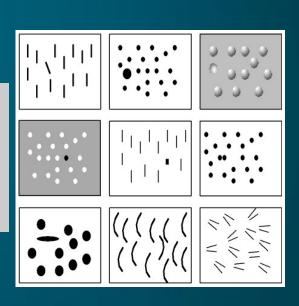
- providing overview as well as details
- showing patterns and relations
- supporting dynamic queries

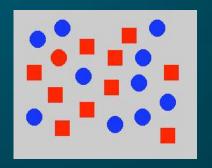
## VISUAL PARAMETER DESIGN

#### Various visual channels

- color
- Shape
- size
- position
- texture
- •
- Challenge: how to effectively use/combine different visual parameters to show interesting part of the data?



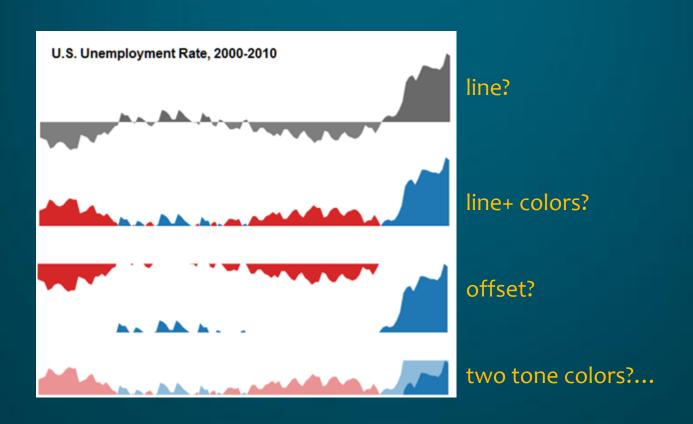






# VISUAL PARAMETER DESIGN

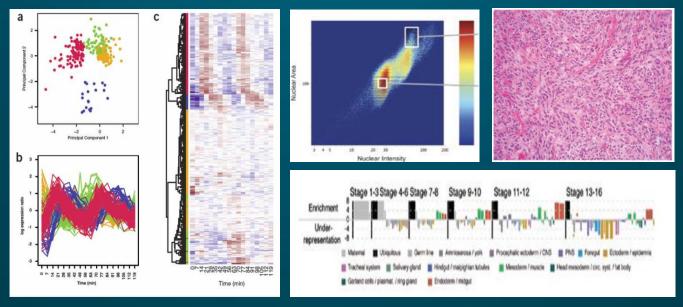
#### Play with the parameters



## **GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION DESIGN**

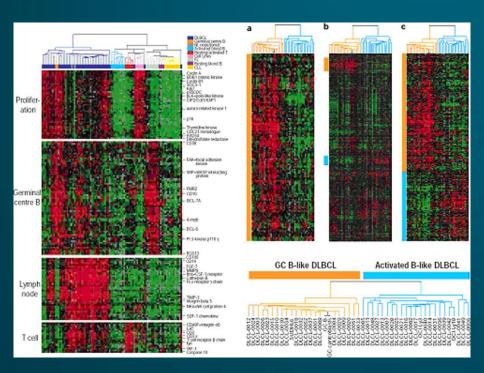
Challenge: given the large data, how to design graphical representations which:

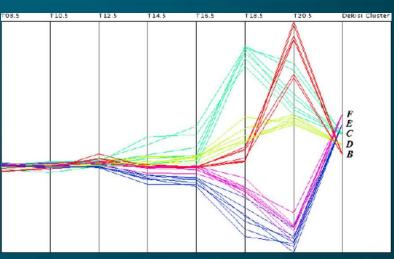
- highlight patterns and relations
- show both overview and details



# **GR DESIGN - OVERVIEW (1)**

Mapping data values – heatmap vs. parallel coordinates





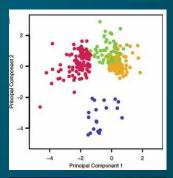
easy to see value differences

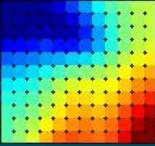
no overlap

# **GR DESIGN - OVERVIEW (2)**

Mapping distance/similarity between objects to a 2D/3D display as scatterplot or grids: dimension reduction

- Projection Pursuit
- Principle Component Analysis
- Multi Dimensional Scaling
- Self Organising Map
- ISOMAP
- Locally Linear Embedding
- Stochastic Neighbourhood Embedding
- Generative Topographic Mapping
- **—** ...

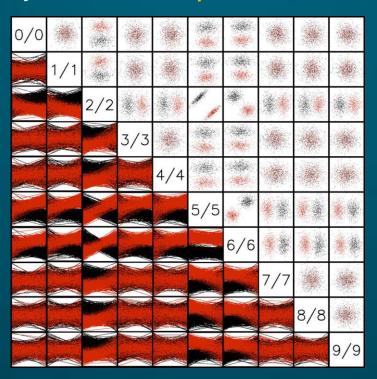




**Focus:** best approximate the **structure** (pairwise distance, and/or neighborhood info.) of data in the low dimensional visual space

# **GR DESIGN - OVERVIEW (3)**

Divide & display: small multiples



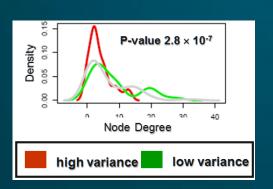
show details of data dimensions ordering is crucial

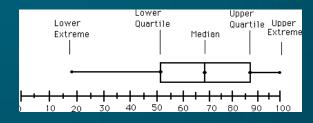
# GR DESIGN - DETAILED INFO (1)

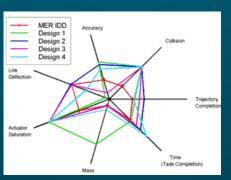
Data summarization, detailed comparison and correlation analysis

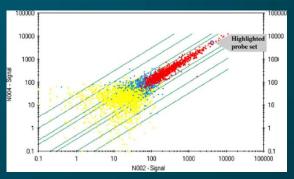
- density plot
- box-and-whisker plot
- radar/spider plot
- correlation plot

•









provide good support for statistical analysis, and comparison between subsets of data

# GR DESIGN - DETAILED INFO (2)

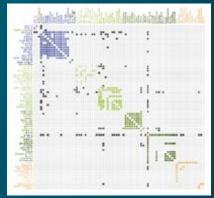
#### Links and relations

- force-directed
- matrix view
- treemap
- hyperbolic view
- dendrogram

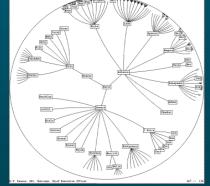
• ...

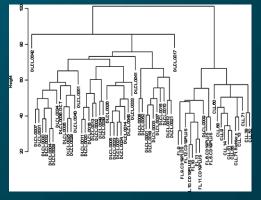
#### none –hierarchical relations











### **HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTIONS**

### Design interactive user interface

- zooming
- panning
- linking and brushing
- •

Typically a HT Data Analysis tool integrates multiple visualization panels with linking and brushing and other mouse/keyboard functions to support dynamic query and detail-on-demand visual data analysis

# **OPEN ISSUES**

Scalability



### **OPEN ISSUES**

- Scalability (hardware, software)
- Visualizing uncertainties in data
- Visualizing evolving changes
- Evaluating quality of visual representations

Thank you very much for your attention!